

## Questions for Module#4

- Q.1 Without using a calculator determine the exact value of  $\log_3 81$ . [Solution](#)
- Q.2 Write  $\log_4 \left( \frac{x-4}{y^2 \sqrt[5]{z}} \right)$  in terms of simpler logarithms. [Solution](#)
- Q.3  $3 \ln(t+5) - 4 \ln(t) - 2 \ln(s-1)$  into a single logarithm with a coefficient of one. [Solution](#)
- Q.4 Find all the solutions to  $4x + 1 = (12x + 3)e^{x^2-2}$ . If there are no solutions clearly explain why. [Solution](#)
- Q.5 Determine the absolute extrema of  $R(t) = 1 + 80t^3 + 5t^4 - 2t^5$  on  $[-4.5, 4]$ . [Solution](#)
- Q.6 Determine the absolute extrema of  $f(y) = \sin\left(\frac{y}{3}\right) + \frac{2y}{9}$  on  $[-10, 15]$ . [Solution](#)
- Q.7 For  $h(t) = t^2 \sqrt[3]{t-7}$  answer each of the following questions. [Solution](#)
- (a) Identify the critical points of the function.
  - (b) Determine the intervals on which the function increases and decreases.
  - (c) Classify the critical points as relative maximums, relative minimums or neither.
- Q.8 Given that  $f(x)$  is an increasing function and define  $h(x) = [f(x)]^2$ . Will  $h(x)$  be an increasing function? If yes, prove that  $h(x)$  is an increasing function. If not, can you determine any other conditions needed on the function  $f(x)$  that will guarantee that  $h(x)$  will also increase? [Solution](#)
- Q.9 For  $h(t) = t^4 + 12t^3 + 6t^2 - 36t + 2$  answer each of the following questions. [Solution](#)
- (a) Determine a list of possible inflection points for the function.
  - (b) Determine the intervals on which the function is concave up and concave down.
  - (c) Determine the inflection points of the function.
- Q.10 Determine all the number(s)  $c$  which satisfy the conclusion of Rolle's Theorem for  $g(t) = 2t - t^2 - t^3$  on  $[-2, 1]$ . [Solution](#)
- Q.11 Determine all the number(s)  $c$  which satisfy the conclusion of Mean Value Theorem for  $A(t) = 8t + e^{-3t}$  on  $[-2, 3]$ . [Solution](#)
- Q.12 We have  $45 \text{ m}^2$  of material to build a box with a square base and no top. Determine the dimensions of the box that will maximize the enclosed volume. [Solution](#)
- Q.13 Use L'Hospital's Rule to evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^3 - 7x^2 + 10x}{x^2 + x - 6}$ . [Solution](#)

Q.14 Use L'Hospital's Rule to evaluate  $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left[ t \ln \left( 1 + \frac{3}{t} \right) \right]$ . [Solution](#)

Q.15 Use L'Hospital's Rule to evaluate  $\lim_{y \rightarrow 0^+} [\cos(2y)]^{1/y^2}$ . [Solution](#)

Q.16 Find the linear approximation to  $g(z) = \sqrt[4]{z}$  at  $z = 2$ . Use the linear approximation to approximate the value of  $\sqrt[4]{3}$  and  $\sqrt[4]{10}$ . Compare the approximated values to the exact values. [Solution](#)

Q.17 Compute  $dy$  and  $\Delta y$  for  $y = e^{x^2}$  as  $x$  changes from 3 to 3.01. [Solution](#)